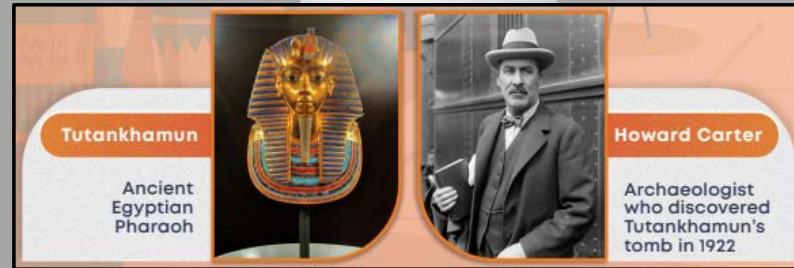
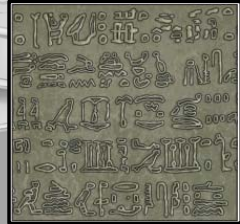


Writing (Hieroglyphics)

In **ancient Egypt**, scribes wrote on papyrus. Papyrus was a thick type of paper made from reeds that grew along **the Nile**. Scribes were mostly men who went to a special school to learn to write.

Scribes wrote using **hieroglyphs**. **Hieroglyphs** were used for religious texts and inscriptions on statues and **tombs**. They were also used for counting crops and animals so that the right taxes could be taken.



Key Vocabulary

 River Nile	 Irrigation	 Pyramid	 Solar Calendar
 Monument	 Tomb	 Hieroglyphics	 Pharaoh
 Papyrus Paper	 Canopic Jar	 Mummification	 Tutankhamun

The River Nile

- The river Nile was essential to life in ancient Egypt.
- Every year, it flooded, leaving behind a black silt that enriched the soil for growing crops.
- The river was also used to irrigate fields in other areas.
- Most people lived along and around the Nile. (still true today)
- The river was used for water, fishing, trade, mud (to make bricks) and papyrus plants (paper).
- Pyramids, graveyards and monuments were all at the river's edge.



Mummification

